



Republic of the Philippines  
MUNICIPALITY OF IBA  
Province of Zambales

**OFFICE OF THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN**

EXCERPT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE REGULAR SESSION OF THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN OF IBA, ZAMBALES HELD ON **MAY 6, 2014** AT THE MUNICIPAL SESSION HALL.

**PRESENT:**

HON. BENJAMIN R. FARIN, JR., Vice Mayor and Presiding Officer

**SANGGUNIANG BAYAN MEMBERS**

HON. FRANCISCO P. ALDEA  
HON. GENARO N. MONTEFALCON  
HON. LANIE T. NENGASCA  
HON. ALCADE R. FALLORIN  
HON. SALVADOR R. REDONDO  
HON. DANILO M. BALLESTEROS  
HON. LILIA B. BUTARAN  
HON. NOEL D. SARMIENTO  
HON. EDGAR C. PAYUMO, ABC President

**ABSENT:**

NONE

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**ORDINANCE NO. 008-A**  
**Series of 2014**

**AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF DENGUE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF IBA, ZAMBALES**

**BE IT ORDAINED BY THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN OF IBA, ZAMBALES IN THE REGULAR SESSION.**

**SECTION 1. TITLE** – This Ordinance shall be known as the Anti Dengue Ordinance of Iba, Zambales 2014.

**SECTION 2. THEME: Unity and Harmony within the ASEAN Community; Key in the Fight against Dengue**

**SECTION 3. DECLARATION OF POLICY** – It is a declared policy of the local government units of Iba, Zambales to promote and ensure the protection of the health and safety of its inhabitants from all forms of diseases, especially those of epidemic effects.

As such and pursuant to their powers under Sec. 16 and 17 of the Local Government Code, it is imperative that Local Government Units (LGU's) take measure in order to prevent, abort and/or minimize the spread of said disease in their respective localities, and to provide mechanism for its prevention and control.

**SECTION 4. DEFINITION OF TERMS** – For purposes of this Ordinance, the terms hereunder mentioned shall be defined as follows:

- (a) **ARTHROPOD** – an organism with joined appendages, symmetrical body structures, and three body regions.
- (b) **DENGUE** – a disease transmitted by a mosquito bite and could turn fatal if not properly diagnosed, is characterized by symptoms like fever with severe headache; muscular and

joint pains; red rash which usually appear first on the lower limbs and chest and may spread to most parts of the body; easy bruising and bleeding from gums and nose; abdominal pain which may be a symptom for internal bleeding; rapid and weak pulse; difficulty in breathing; and cold and clammy skin.

- (c) ENDEMIC – a disease present in a community at all times, but occurring in only small number of cases.
- (d) EPIDEMIC OR OUTBREAK – the occurrence in a community of cases of an illness with a frequency clearly in excess of normal expectancy. A single case of a disease long absent from a population or the first invasion by the disease no previously recognized in that area requires immediate reporting and investigation; two cases of such disease associated in time and place are sufficient evidence of transmission to be considered an epidemic.
- (e) MODE OF TRANSMISSION – an act or process of transmitting the disease.
- (f) MORBIDITY – the condition or state of being sick.
- (g) MORTALITY – the start of death.
- (h) SURVEILLANCE – of disease is the continuing scrutiny of all aspects of occurrence or spread of disease that are pertinent of effective control.
- (i) VECTOR – a carrier from a biological reservoir or an infected organism to other organisms.
- (j) SOURCE/BREEDING PLACES – places where mosquitoes propagate and are classified as:
  - A. Indoor Breeding Places
    - i. Utensils tray
    - ii. Flower vases
    - iii. Drums and water container
  - B. Outdoor Breeding Places
    - i. Air conditioner tray
    - ii. Plant axils
    - iii. Coconut husk
    - iv. Stagnant canals
    - v. Unoperational fountains
    - vi. Rubbish – tin cans, bottles, old tires
- (k) COMBI – (Communication for Behavioral Impact) It is a dynamic approach to behavior change that utilizes strategic social, mobilization and social communication to effect measurable changes in behavior.

**SECTION 5. CREATION OF THE LOCAL DENGUE COMMITTEE** – There is hereby created a committee called **Municipal Dengue Task Force**, here after referred to as the “MDTF”, which shall primarily implement the Dengue Prevention and Control Strategies.

The Committee shall be composed of the Mayor as Chairman, Vice Mayor as the Vice Chairman and five (5) members, as follows: MHO, Municipal Dengue Coordinator, Municipal Sanitary Inspector, ABC President and MSWDO.

**SECTION 6. POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE MDTF** – The MDTF, in particular, shall:

- (a) Initiates advocacy to **Barangay Chairman** to own, manage and sustain the program.
- (b) To fully cognizant of the need to control dengue thereby agrees with supports to actively participate, and thereby institutionalized the appropriate system at the Municipal level.
- (c) To incorporate the Dengue Control Program Financial Plan to the Municipal Plan.
- (d) To exert effort for LGUs to design or adopt financing mechanisms or sustain dengue operations.
- (e) To recognize dengue cases as rapidly as possible not only through laboratory findings but also by clinical surveillance and monitoring/follow up of dengue fever patients and their morbidity.
- (f) To respond to dengue cases, both locally and overseas acquired, with through and sustained vector control, aimed on eliminating the dengue virus before it can spread to nearby barangays;

- (g) To use a variety of education initiatives to maintain community awareness about Dengue, serotypes, its mode of transmission, and the need for individuals to take action to prevent *Aedes Aegypti* and Arthropod mosquitoes from breeding in households and business premises.
- (h) To conduct search and destroy activities of mosquito breeding places to maintain a clean surrounding of the Municipality to protect the community from the deadly Dengue disease.

**SECTION 7. CREATION OF THE BARANGAY DENGUE BRIGADE** – There is hereby created a Barangay level committee called **Barangay Dengue Brigade** hereinafter referred to as the “BDB”, which shall primarily actively support the Local Government Unit’s effort to fight Dengue.

The Committee shall be composed of a Barangay Captain as the Chairman, and four (4) members, as follows: Chairman of the Committee on Health, Barangay Midwife, Barangay Health Worker, and a representative of the elementary school. A Rural Health Physician or Public Health Nurse shall act as an adviser.

**SECTION 8. POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE BARANGAY DENGUE BRIGADE** – The BDB, in particular, shall:

- (a) Initiates in the advocacy to Barangay Units to support the Dengue Awareness Month Celebration in terms of funding and other support.
- (b) Act as disease reporting advocate, watching and monitoring any endemic cases of dengue and spearheading any action before the disease spreads to other members of the community;
- (c) Initiate and oversee anti dengue activities being undertaken by members of their community;
- (d) Identify and actively involve anti dengue activities being undertaken by members of their community;
- (e) Make sure that the cleaning up of homes and backyards are done for source reduction or prevention of breeding places.
- (f) Distribute and post information materials in strategic areas like Barangay halls, market places, public utility terminals, churches, school and the likes;
- (g) Arrange meeting with other key leaders and members, discussing the topics on dengue;
- (h) Conduct investigation on patients with confirmed cases of Dengue in their respective Barangays.
- (i) Conduct search and destroy activities of mosquito breeding places to maintain a clean surrounding of the Barangay to protect the Barangay community from the deadly Dengue disease.

**SECTION 9. CREATION OF LITTLE DENGUE BRIGADE** – There is hereby created a Little Dengue Brigade composed of children who are trained to report any dengue cases to the BDB for appropriate actions, and conduct search and destroy activities of mosquito and arthropod breeding places to maintain a clean surrounding of the school to protect the school children from the deadly Dengue disease.

**SECTION 10. GENERAL PREVENTIVE MEASURES AGAINST THE SPREAD OF DENGUE** – In order to prevent the entry and spread, of Dengue in the community, the mayors shall adopt measure against its spread to include but not limited to the following:

- (a) The conduct of massive information drives to raise the consciousness of the constituents on Dengue and how it could affect their day-to-day activities. Eventually changes in their behaviors must be the outcome. Communication for Behavioral Impact (COMBI) must be achieved.

The information drive may be in the form of fliers, leaflets, and other information materials on Dengue prevention for distribution to the public through the help of *barangay* health worker, other officials and members of the *barangay*, public and private school teachers, official and members of the *Sangguniang Kabataan*, and members of non-government organization in the

area. Owners of cinemas may also be required to allow the showing of infomercials on dengue preventive measures for a certain period, as maybe agreed upon.

- (b) Mandatory requirement to all owner/proprietors/administrators of private establishments, including private hospitals, to formulate their own safety measures to protect their employees and the general public from the epidemic threat that can be brought about by dengue and inform the barangay of their Dengue prevention plan.
- (c) The conduct of clean-up in the barangays, regularly but not less than once a week, to include households, esteros, rivers and riverbanks, drainage, streets, alleys, pathways and other public places. All barangay officials shall be required to take the lead in the massive clean-up operations in the barangays.

The Mayor may promulgate or issue such other rules and regulations consistent with this Ordinance.

**SECTION 11. OTHER PREVENTIVE MEASURE AGAINST THE SPREAD OF DENGUE** – In order to prevent the entry and spread of Dengue in the community;

- (a) Every household is required to clean their premises and surrounding of their residences.
- (b) Every household is enjoined to find and eliminate possible indoor and outdoor mosquito breeding sites within their areas.
- (c) Every person should do proper disposal of garbage, water container such as bottles, tin cans, plastic cups and other natural water container such as coconut husk and bamboos should be properly segregated.
- (d) No person should accumulate water containing larvae or pupa of mosquitoes on his/her premises.

**SECTION 12. PROHIBITED ACTS** – The following shall be considered as prohibited acts:

- (a) Improper storing of old tires and batteries, steel or plastic drums, pails, empty bottles, jars and water tanks no longer in use and failure to provide proper covering for the same especially if the foregoing contain water thus making them possible breeding places for mosquitoes.

Items mentioned above, when no longer in use, should properly dispose or otherwise be stored in proper places where the possibility of mosquitoes breeding is remote. Dry rooms, spaces or areas which are not too shaded may constitute as proper storage places.

- (b) Improper storing of rain or tap water on containers not properly covered when used in relation to the pursuit of business like, vulcanizing and battery repair shops.
- (c) Failure of vacant lot owners, caretakers, or person having legal interest therein to clean their property thus making it as possible breeding grounds for mosquitoes.  
Regardless of land area, vacant lot can be identified as any land that is either clear of building or any land where building possess insufficient value to constitute usefulness. Lands duly classified as Residential, Agricultural, Commercial and Industrial but have not been actually used for the purpose for which it had been classified without any justifiable reason for the same also constitute as **vacant lot**. Agricultural lands planted to permanent or perennial crops with at least (50) trees to a hectare shall not be considered vacant lot. Agricultural, Commercial and Industrial but have not been actually used for the purpose for which it had been classified without any justifiable reason for the same also constitute as vacant lot. Agricultural lands planted to permanent or perennial crops with at least fifty (50) trees to a hectare shall not be considered vacant lots.

**SECTION 13. PENAL CLAUSE** – Unless otherwise provided for in this Ordinance:

- (a) Any person who, after inspection, investigation and stern warning, shall be found to have violate, disobey, refuse, omit, or neglect to comply with section 12 of this Ordinance shall be punished as follows:

First Offense – A fine of not less than Three Hundred Pesos (P300) or Four (4) hours of community service. In addition, the Offender will be required to rectify any wrong that brought about the breach, with a stern warning that any further violation of this Ordinance shall be dealt with severely. Vacant lot owners or any person having legal interest therein who violate section 12 of this ordinance are required to clean the premises and surrounding of said lot.

Second Offense – A fine not less than Five Hundred Pesos (P500) or Eight (8) hours of community service. In addition, the Offender will be required to rectify any wrong that brought about the breach.

- (b) Any person who, after an investigation, shall be found to have interfere with or hinder, or oppose any officer, agent or member of the MDTF/BDB in the performance of his/her duty as such under this Ordinance be punished as follows:

First Offense – A fine of not less than Three Hundred Pesos (P300) or Four (4) hours of community service.

Second Offense – A fine of not less than Five Hundred Pesos (P500) or Eight (8) hours of community service.

Third Offense – A fine of not less than One Thousand (P1,000) or Sixteen (16) hours of community service.

- (c) Any person who, after investigation, shall be found to have willfully tear down, mutilate, deface or alter any placard or notice, affixed to the premises in the enforcement of this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offense punishable as follows:

First Offense – A fine of not less than Three Hundred Pesos (P300) or Four (4) hours of community service.

Second Offense – A fine of not less than Five Hundred Pesos (P500) or Eight (8) hours of community service.

Third Offense – A fine of not less than One Thousand Pesos (P1,000) or Sixteen (16) hours of community service.

**SECTION 14. ADMINISTRATIVE CLAUSE** – This Ordinance covers the whole territorial jurisdiction of the Iba, Zambales. Any revenue collected by the MDTF arising from penalties or fines imposed in this Ordinance shall be held in a Trust Fund of the Municipal Treasury. Any revenue collected by the BDB in the Barangay where the infraction was committed shall be held in a Trust of the respective Treasury of the Barangay. In any case, use of the funds shall be for dengue monitoring and prevention activities only.

**SECTION 15. FUNDING** – The appropriate funding needed for the implementation of this Ordinance shall be taken from the funds of the Municipality. The Calamity fund of the Municipality may be utilized subject, however, to existing guidelines prescribed under the rules and regulations and other issuances implementing Republic Act No. 8185, governing the allocation and utilization of the local calamity fund.

**SECTION 16. ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 281, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH DEPARTMENT (DOH) CIRCULAR NO. 67-BS 1998 AND FOU RMULA (4'S) KONTRA DENGUE ADOPTED.**

- (a) Administrative Order 281. Except as otherwise specially provided in this Ordinance, Administrative Order 281 – Launching of the “National Tepok Lamok and Dengue Sapok” program, signed on June 23, 1986, is hereby adopted and by reference made a part of this Ordinance as if fully set forth herein.
- (b) DOH Department Circular No. 67-B s 1998. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Ordinance, DOH Dept. Circ. No. 67-B s 1998, which mandates the observation of

Dengue awareness month on June every year, is hereby adopted and by reference made a part of this Ordinance as is fully set forth herein.

(c) FOURmula (4-S) Kontra Dengue. In addition to the order and circular herein adopted, there is also adopted in its entirety the FOURmula (4-S) Kontra Dengue. The 4-S are:

1. Search and destroy mosquito breeding sites.
  - a. Clean all possible mosquito breeding places the likes of which are flower vases, dish drains, old tires, roof gutters, used cans, where water can pool or accumulate.
  - b. Cover water receptacles such as drums, jars, and the likes.
  - c. Engage in environmental situation activities such as clean up drive.
2. Self-protection measures such as mosquito nets, use of insect repellent lotion or install window screens.
3. Seek early treatment
  - a. Watch out for the principal symptoms of dengue; high fever, severe headache, backache, joint pains, nausea and vomiting, eye pain, and rash.
  - b. Proceed immediately to any health center and Hospital.
4. Say “NO” to indiscriminate fogging.

Any act required be performing or prohibiting by the orders and circulars incorporated herein by reference is required or prohibited by this ordinance. Any further amendments, revisions or modifications of the orders and circulars incorporated herein are intended to be made part of this ordinance in order to secure uniform nationwide regulation against Anti Dengue Campaigns.

**SECTION 17. SEPARATION CLAUSE** – If any provision of this Ordinance is declared invalid or unconstitutional, other parts or provisions thereof, which are not affected thereby, shall remain in full force and effect.

**SECTION 18. REPEALING CLAUSE** – All Ordinances found to be inconsistent with this Ordinance are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

**SECTION 19. EFFECTIVY** – This Ordinance shall take effect upon approval and in compliance with the provision of the existing law on posting or publication.

*Enacted this 6<sup>th</sup> Day of May 2014*

**FRANCISCO P. ALDEA**  
SB Member

**GENARO N. MONTEFALCON**  
SB Member

**LANIE T. NENGASCA**  
SB Member

**ALCADE R. FALLORIN**  
SB Member

**SALVADOR R. REDONDO**  
SB Member

**DANILO M. BALLESTEROS**  
SB Member

**LILIA B. BUTARAN**  
SB Member

**NOEL D. SARMIENTO**  
SB Member

**EDGAR C. PAYUMO**  
Liga President

CERTIFIED CORRECT:

**BENJAMIN R. FARIN JR.**  
Vice Mayor and Presiding Officer

ATTESTED:

**NOLITO V. BASUL**  
Secretary to the  
Sangguniang Bayan

Approved by his Honor, the Municipal Mayor of Iba, Zambales this \_\_\_\_ Day of \_\_\_\_\_  
2014.

**JUN RUNDSTEDT C. EBDANE**  
Municipal Mayor



Republic of the Philippines  
MUNICIPALITY OF IBA  
Province of Zambales

**OFFICE OF THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN**

EXCERPT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE SPECIAL SESSION OF THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN OF IBA, ZAMBALES HELD ON **MAY 30, 2014** AT THE MUNICIPAL SESSION HALL.

**PRESENT:**

HON. ALCADE R. FALLORIN, SB Member and Temporary Presiding Officer

**SANGGUNIANG BAYAN MEMBERS**

HON. FRANCISCO P. ALDEA  
HON. GENARO N. MONTEFALCON  
HON. LANIE T. NENGASCA  
HON. SALVADOR R. REDONDO  
HON. DANILO M. BALLESTEROS  
HON. LILIA B. BUTARAN  
HON. NOEL D. SARMIENTO  
HON. EDGAR C. PAYUMO, ABC President

**ABSENT:**

HON. BENJAMIN R. FARIN, JR., Vice Mayor (*On Official Business*)

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**ORDINANCE NO. 008**  
**Series of 2014**

**AN ORDINANCE MANDATING THE SETTING-UP OF VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN (VAWC) DESK IN EVERY BARANGAY IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF IBA, ZAMBALES**

Introduced by Kgd. Lanie Nengasca and Kgd. Danilo Ballesteros

Be it ordained by the Sangguniang Bayan of Iba, Zambales.

SECTION 1 – Pursuant to the provision of RA 9262 or the anti – violence against women and their children Act; RA 7192, or the Women in Development and National Building Act; RA 9208 or the anti-trafficking in Person Act, it is hereby mandated the setting up of Violence Against Women and their Children (VAWC) Desk in every Barangay in the Municipality of Iba, Zambales.

SECTION 2 – Definition of Terms – When used in this Ordinance, the following terms shall mean:

- a. A VAWC Desk – is physical facility that addresses VAWC cases in a manner that is gender-sensitive. Managed by a person assigned by the Punong Barangay, it is where the victim – survivor can immediately go to seek help.

SECTION 3 – Function of the VAWC Desk:

- a. Respond to gender-based violence cases brought to the barangay;
- b. Record the number of gender-based violence handled by the barangay and submit quarterly report on all cases VAWC to the DILG Municipal Field Office and the Municipal Social Welfare Development Office (MSWDO);
- c. Keep VAWC case records confidential and secured, and ensure that only authorized personnel can access it;



- d. Assist victims of VAWC in securing Barangay Protection Order (BPO) and access necessary services;
- e. Develop the barangay's gender-responsive plan in addressing gender-based violence, including support services, capacity building and referral system.
- f. Coordinate with and refer cases to government agencies, nongovernment organizations (NGOs), institutions, and other service providers as necessary;
- g. Address other forms of abuse committed against women, especially senior citizens, women with disabilities, and other marginalized groups;
- h. Lead advocacies on the elimination of VAWC in the community; and
- i. Perform other related functions as may be assigned.

SECTION 4 – After the enactment of this Ordinance, each Punong Barangay in the Municipality of Iba, Zambales shall set-up the VAWC Desk to be located in the Barangay Hall with a room that has an alternative entrance and exit that is separate from the main entrance of the Barangay Hall, and where the room must be well-ventilated.

SECTION 5 – Each Punong Barangay shall assign or appoint a VAWC Desk officer to attend to all gender-sensitive cases brought to the barangay.

SECTION 6 – Failure of every barangay to set-up the VAWC Desk shall be ground for disciplinary action against Punong Barangay concerned.

SECTION 7 – It shall be the duty of the Municipal Social Welfare Officer (MSWDO) of Iba, Zambales to ensure the setting-up of VAWC Desk in every barangay and monitor the management of cases.

SECTION 8 – This Ordinance takes effect upon approval.

*Enacted this 30<sup>th</sup> Day of May 2014*

**FRANCISCO P. ALDEA**  
SB Member

**GENARO N. MONTEFALCON**  
SB Member

**LANIE T. NENGASCA**  
SB Member

**SALVADOR R. REDONDO**  
SB Member

**DANILO M. BALLESTEROS**  
SB Member

**LILIA B. BUTARAN**  
SB Member

**NOEL D. SARMIENTO**  
SB Member

**EDGAR C. PAYUMO**  
Liga President

CERTIFIED CORRECT:

**ALCADE R. FALLORIN**  
SB Member and  
Temporary Presiding Officer

ATTESTED:

**NOLITO V. BASUL**  
Secretary to the  
Sangguniang Bayan

Approved by his Honor, the Municipal Mayor of Iba, Zambales this \_\_\_\_ Day of \_\_\_\_ 2014.

**JUN RUNDSTEDT C. EBDANE**  
Municipal Mayor